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## Home Markets For Local Produce

Assuming that a statement appearing recently in the daily press is correct, it seems an anomaly that a country so well equipped in many sections to produce wool as Canada should have to import that commodity from other countries.

Yet, just apparently is the fact if credence can be given to the published assertion of L. R. McGregor of Toronto, Assistant Trade Commissioner for Australia to Canada when he said in a recent interview that "Canada is Australia's third best wool customer."

Not only are the western provinces well suited to wool production, both on large scale on the ranches in southern areas of Saskatchewan and Alberta and in all three prairie provinces on smaller scale from farm flocks, but it is generally conceded by authorities that conditions in these provinces enable Western Canada to produce wool of quality equal to the best anywhere.

Time was, not much more than a decade ago, when a substantial percentage of Western Canadian fleeces were offered to the market in poor condition. The quality often was there but many of the fleeces were greasy, filled with burrs and generally speaking ill prepared for market requirements.

Since that time, however, producers have learned a great deal about the preparation of wool, and the standard of the product has been vastly improved, so much so, in fact, that an unkempt fleece in shipments for market from the prairies is a comparative rarity today.

That being the case, it can be asserted with confidence that Western Canada can produce sufficient quality wool for domestic requirements in addition to considerable quantities annually for export, and the producer is now complying with market requirements in the preparation of his product.

Why, then, should it be necessary for Canada to import wool from other countries such as Australia and the Argentine? In the light of the facts, that appears an unanswerable question. Another anomalous factor in the Canadian wool industry is the fact that although Eastern Canadian woolen mills are equipped with machinery to produce tops (wool in a partly manufactured condition) the machines are standing idle while tops are being imported from Great Britain. The reason, it is explained, is because tops can be manufactured more cheaply in England than in Canada. This is a plausible explanation, though the situation is an unfortunate one for this country, when it is remembered that there are plenty of idle workmen still in the East.

The anomalous situation at the production end, however, is one which should lead to some inquiries in the hope that the cause for a country like Canada importing wool can be discovered and, if feasible, rectified.

The statement made by the assistant trade commissioner for Australia engenders the thought that, possibly there is room for considerable development of the domestic market for other Western Canadian agricultural products, and inspires the question whether everything that is possible is being done to ensure absorption of home products in local markets to the greatest possible extent. If other agricultural products are subjected to competition of similar imported commodities, it is a very unfortunate thing for the producers, and especially is this the case at a time when farmers are turning to greater diversification because they are forced to it by the European wheat situation.

Perhaps the solution to the problem of finding wider domestic markets for home grown products lies in the laboratory and this is a question worthy of investigation by farmer organizations, boards of trade and similar institutions and the governments.

There are men today working quietly in private laboratories seeking means to extract by-products from wheat and other agricultural products, of which Western Canada has a great abundance, capable of conversion into fuels, clothing and other necessities and there is no doubt there is great opportunity for more research work along these lines.

The work of some of these men leads to the belief that therein may lie at least a partial solution of some of the west's agricultural problems. It is stated, and not without authority, that the secret of the manufacture of some of these commodities on a commercially feasible basis, has been wrested from test tubes and retorts and other paraphernalia of chemical and electrical engineering laboratories, and that all that is needed to make them a marketable reality is the necessary capital. Where this is to be found for such projects is another question.

### From Siam To Surrey

#### Ex-King Prajadhipok Has Settled Down In England

Ex-King Prajadhipok of Siam has just moved into his new home, on which he spent \$100,000 in improvements, in Surrey, England. It is a red brick house, standing in 15 acres of gardens, and it has four reception rooms, 12 bedrooms and six bathrooms. Every one of the rooms has been specially designed and furnished. The dining-room is in early Queen Anne style, the drawing-room in late Queen Anne. The other rooms are more modern. A motion picture theatre has also been built in which the family entertain visitors. Prajadhipok buys the latest talking films, and favors American gangster pictures.

Cotton and artificial silk material are being made by a process that insures it against wrinkling.

### Plan Crime Hospital

Scheme Is Suggested By Several Prominent British Physicians. A movement to found a "crime hospital," where criminals may be sent for psychological treatment instead of being imprisoned, has been launched by Lord Dawson of Penn and several other prominent British physicians and psychologists. Officials of the home office are said to be in sympathy with the scheme, which they believe may lead to revolutionary changes in the state's attitude on crime. An appeal for \$50,000, with which to build a clinic in London, is being made.

A music-hall magician opens his act by guaranteeing to tell the exact age of any lady in the audience. The remainder of his turn is quite popular, though.

And the darkest hour is just before the dawn.

### Tragedy In Northern Seas

#### Russian Scientists Succumb To Cold And Hardships

Twenty-year-old Ian Kruckhoff related the story of a grim voyage through the wild and icy waters of the White sea, with a cargo of 10 dead men.

Kruckhoff was the lone survivor of a party of 12, all members of a scientific expedition. He reached safety in a lifeboat loaded with the bodies of 10 of the others. The 11th was not recovered.

The 12, headed by the hydrographer, G. Bardinoff, left the expedition's steamer Toros on June 27 in a small boat to make a study of the depth of the sea between Archangel and Kandalaksha bay, on a route crossing the Arctic circle.

"After three days' work," said the youth, "we decided to return to the ship."

"We were caught by a storm. Mountainous waves capsized the boat and swept away the oars, equipment and our comrade Nikolai Fedoseyeff, whom we never saw again. Struggling in the water, the rest of us with great difficulty managed to right the boat and climb in. "Then for a day and a night we were the prey of a furious sea."

"We had no oars; we tried frantically to row with our hands. The boat constantly shipped water. We scooped it out with our hands and our caps. It was horribly cold. One after another, my companions died of exposure and exhaustion until I was left alone with 10 bodies."

"The sea grew rougher, and it was only by tying my right wrist to the oarlock that I was able to stick to the boat."

### SELECTED RECIPES

#### BANANA CAKE

¾ cup butter  
1 cup white sugar  
2 eggs  
4 tablespoons sour milk  
1 teaspoon soda  
1½ cups Purita Flour  
2 teaspoons baking powder  
¼ teaspoon salt  
1 teaspoon vanilla  
1 cup mashed bananas  
Method: 1. Cream butter; add sugar. 2. Add well-beaten eggs. 3. Add bananas and vanilla; beat well. 4. Dissolve soda in milk. 5. Sift flour with baking powder and salt and add, alternately, with milk to mixture No. 3. 6. Bake in loaf tin 50 minutes in moderate oven of 350 degrees.

### Coronation Plans

#### Duke Of York Heads Committee In Charge Of Arrangements

The Duke of York will head the committee in charge of plans for the coronation next May 12, The London Gazette announced.

The committee includes Prime Minister Baldwin, the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, Chancellor of the Exchequer Neville Chamberlain, the Earl of Athlone, Sir Samuel Hoare, David Lloyd George, Winston Churchill and Sir Austen Chamberlain.

Tall men live longer than short men, thin men longer than fat, married men longer than bachelors, and vegetarians longer than carnivorous men, according to statistics.

The word rosary is derived from the Latin rosarium, which was originally a garland of roses and used to crown the image of the Virgin Mary.



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### House Flies Breed In Garbage

#### Dangerous Disease Carriers Menace To Public Health

For many years public health efforts have reduced the scourge of typhoid fever and many other dangerous, contagious diseases by government enforced legislation in respect to the inspection of cattle, milk-pasteurization, the chemical purification of suspected water supplies, and the elimination of many other known breeding sources of disease. But little has been done officially about the common house-fly. Each summer it infests the land wherever mankind exists. It is borne and bred in rotten animal or vegetable matter, lives on filth and refuse. It carries germs of infectious diseases into the home endangering the health of everyone, from the defenseless baby in its crib to the elders of the house who relish the tasty salad, upon which a fly may have recently been feasting and spreading disease germs that have accumulated on its hairy legs.

Public spirited citizens should fully realize the seriousness of this menace and take measures to check it. Searching out hidden unsanitary fly breeding places, keeping homes well screened and foods covered at all times are important. But the quickest and simplest method of killing all flies is to place a few saucers of Wilson's Fly Pads around the house. They will attract the flies and kill them all in a few hours.

### The Court Of Claims

#### Begins Its Sittings After Coronation Date Is Set

After the Coronation date is set, the strangest Court the world begins its sittings in London. The Coronation proclamation set up the Court of Claims. It considers pedigrees and hereditary rights to serve the King in person.

Some claims which have come before the Court are:

To support the King to the altar.

To carry the Great Spurs (part of the Coronation regalia).

To carry the King's wine as a guard against poisoners.

To have the bed which the King sleeps on the night before he is crowned.

Three claims which are likely to be allowed are those of:

The Earl of Sutherland, as Lord High Steward of Ireland, to carry a white wand as symbol of his office.

The Baron of the Cinque Ports to hold a canopy over the King's head at the Abbey.

The Lord of the Manor of Work-sop to present to the King a pair of fine gloves.

Old tramcar bodies, discarded in favor of trolley-buses in various parts of London, can be bought at the depot for \$10 each; carting them away is the real expense.

### Plan Huge Liner

#### New Vessel To Be Longer And Larger Than The Queen Mary

Preparations for constructing a bigger and faster companion to the S.S. Queen Mary were begun tentatively on the Clydebank. In shipping circles it was said the liner, if constructed, would probably be christened the King George V.

An official order for the construction still is awaited. It was suggested the projected liner would have a tonnage of about 85,000 as compared to the 80,773 of the Queen Mary.

An official of the John Brown Company which built the Queen Mary for the Cunard-White Star Line said: "We are almost certain to be given a tender although we have not received an official confirmation of the order."

"The company had expected to receive an order for a battleship, but it was understood the admiralty would be given a tender instead to other shipbuilders in North England to leave the John Brown Company free for the liner."

Cunard-White Star officials have been inspecting models of the proposed liner while experts have produced altered and refined engine designs.

A Brown official said, "The new ship will be larger than the Queen Mary and faster."

It was understood that present plans call for a longer ship with greater passenger accommodations. The ship, it was said, would probably be placed in commission in 1938.

### Thanks To Stamp Collectors

#### Heavy Purchases Financed Part Of Driftable Around World

It was stamp collectors' heavy purchases of Hindenburg commemorative stamps that made the recent flight of the big dirigible to this country possible, Dr. Hugo Eckener told an audience of New York stamp collectors.

The famous designer said that seven flights were paid for only with the help of the stamp collectors and that they paid the whole expense of the famous trip around the world.

Explorers and pioneers in transportation of all sorts have a source of support in the stamp collectors of the world these days, and the collectors welcome the chance to share in the expense if it means a commemorative cover, suitably marked, for such a thing can never be duplicated, and is likely to increase in value. What a help a few thousand stamp collectors would have been to Columbus—Fort Arthur News-Chronicle.

A water drop cannot rise above the level of the body of water of which it is a part unless the sun's rays draw it up or unless it is driven by mechanical power, as in a spraying fountain.



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## Importance Is Stressed Of Taking Plenty Of Rest To Relieve The High Tension

No subject is more timely than the importance of rest, for there are probably more tired people in the world today than ever before. Nervous exhaustion has taken the place of the old-fashioned stomach-ache as the prevailing complaint of the times. The direct result of our strenuous life is that everywhere people are skimping on sleep.

Before dwelling on the subject of sleep I should like to point out that considerable rest may be obtained even though actual sleep does not take place providing one gives himself the proper opportunity. Many people have found that a few minutes relaxation even without sleep restores body vigour to enable them to carry on any particular problem with which they may be concerned.

It has been stated that man is the only animal who does not sleep after a meal. Most of us take of meal and immediately start in to work where we left off. Ten or fifteen minutes complete relaxation after a meal is well worth the apparent loss of time.

No doubt many of you know people who can completely relax for a comparatively short period of time. It takes twenty minutes, and start in as refreshed as if they had had several hours in bed. To those of you who are working at high tension let me advise breaking the tension with relaxation at periodic intervals during the day.

During the last war on marches the customary thing was to march for a period and rest for a much shorter period, and it was found that a greater distance could be traversed in this way than by keeping right straight ahead for a longer and more continuous period.

Let us now consider just how much time we do spend in sleep. The ordinary man, without knowing it, in the course of an ordinary lifetime, spends as much time in slumber as Rip Van Winkle. The following table shows how much time the average person has to sleep, if he sleeps the normal amount of time in that way, and if he lives to the ripe age of three-score and ten. Make a note when your age is mentioned, and see that you henceforth get what is coming to you.

If you are twenty you will sleep 16 years, 8 months, 3 days and 8 hours. If you are now thirty you will sleep 13 years, 4 months, 1 day and 16 hours. If you are now forty you will sleep 10 years, 8 months, 3 days and 8 hours. If you are now fifty you will sleep 8 years, 8 months, 3 days and 8 hours. If you are now sixty-five you will sleep 1 year, 8 months, 3 days and 8 hours.

These figures may strike ambitious people as rather alarming. We are apt to dislike the idea that all these valuable years in one lifetime are to be spent in mere slumber. But we must remember that "Sleep is a generous thief. It restores to energy what it steals from time."

It is not with the desire to encourage idleness that we point to the necessity of the average man and woman with responsibilities taking the normal eight hours' sleep per night such as advocated. Rather it is because the conditions which modern life impose on us encourage us to cheat ourselves of that reasonable amount of sleep which is necessary if the human system is not going to get out of gear. Compared with animals, human beings have few natural resting habits and dispositions. That is partly because of our more active brain; the mind is constantly making suggestions for further activity. For many reasons man is a very restless organism; and the tax is apt to be nervous exhaustion. As someone has said, "If you would live long, you must live slowly."

You are apt to read many things on the subject of sleep that you will find confusing. For instance, one of the greatest men of our time, Thomas Edison, did his very greatest work at an advanced age and yet he indulged in only 4 hours' sleep per night; and 4 hours was the allowance of sleep Napoleon permitted himself. But his later's experience differed from that of Edison, for he was burned out early in years. He died of cancer, it is true, and while we do not know yet

that there is any relation between cancer and nervous exhaustion there is reason to believe that his later battles and campaigns were lost by a man whose nervous energy was exhausted.

As well as sleeping the normal eight hours every night, it is important that one should sleep well. So that end a few suggestions are offered. Regular hours are an important factor in the matter of health. Many people who suffer from insomnia have a lack of punctuality to blame for their suffering, and of all ills that can be inflicted upon one there is nothing quite as dangerous to the nervous system as insomnia.

If one is inclined to be early one evening and late the next, the brain is likely to decide that the late hour is the one which will select for falling asleep. If one will select a certain hour each night as the time for going to sleep the nervous system is likely to respond automatically. Shakespeare said, "How do we breed a habit in a man," and whether he knew it or not, he was referring to the quiet automatic way our nervous systems adjust themselves to our urges.

It is a mistake to doze off in the evening before definitely going to bed. This takes us to bed in a state of mind that is half-asleep and half-awake, so that it is difficult to have complete sleep when bedtime comes. As the digestive system requires rest, and takes it best while we sleep, it is unwise to indulge in late supper. There should be an interval of at least an hour and a half to two hours between the last meal and the time of going to bed. It is, however, a good plan for people who have difficulty in getting to sleep, to take a warm drink the last thing before going to bed. It should not, of course, be a nerve-stimulant such as tea or coffee.

Upon consideration of the facts we have already given you, of how many of the next few years you are likely to spend in slumber, it is perhaps not out of the way to make a suggestion or two about the beds we use, the clothes we wear and the room in which we sleep. About the beds—they should be neither too hard nor too soft. The person who reports he is "just as tired when he wakes up as when he went to bed" is likely a heavy man who is sleeping on too soft a bed. On the other hand the bed should not be too hard, or the body cannot rest properly.

Perhaps the bedclothes are too heavy; it should be remembered that an eiderdown quilt, of the type that almost everyone uses, is worth several blankets in warmth. The clothing of a personal nature should also be light, but should give adequate warmth. It is important that the feet be kept warm. Good ventilation in the room you use for sleeping is very important. It is a good plan to pull the bed away from the wall a few inches to insure free circulation all around.

One is often asked which is the best position in which to sleep. This is a matter of no importance; because the position of the body is constantly being changed through the night. Little by little, at intervals of from twenty to forty minutes the position is shifted, so that you may turn completely over several times in the night and yet be ready to swear you never moved. So you need not worry about the position in which you sleep; the body will attend to that for itself.—Health League of Canada.

### A Mysterious Lake

Lake Wapikone in New Zealand here like the healing of a heart with perfect regularity. The rise and fall of the water is about three inches every five minutes, and no satisfactory explanation of the phenomenon has ever been found.

This beautiful lake in South Island is shaped like the letter S, and is 63 miles long and three miles wide. The University of Pennsylvania has a butcher's "bill" in the form of a day bit of baked clay. The bill is for three lambs delivered to the city of Ur, forerunner of ancient Babylon, and was presented about 2500 B.C.

## Setting Good Example

Owners Of Jersey Cattle Have Attractive Advertising Sign

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Jersey Cattle Club in Toronto in February this year special fieldman William Hunter showed the assembled members a sample of the big farm signs which had been designed to indicate those dairymen who are producing special Jersey milk. It was a big sign done in golden yellow with black lettering and hung on a strong metal pipe and the wording shows that the farm outside which it stands ships "trade-mark" milk to a distributor in Toronto who sells it as "special" Jersey milk at a special price.

A large number of these signs have now been erected and travellers along many highways within 75 miles of Toronto have been remarking upon their attractiveness. In every case they stand at the gate of a neat and prosperous-looking farm, with houses and buildings indicating that a superior type of milk lives there. Their Jersey milk brings them in a premium for quality and whether one believes all that is claimed for high-fat milk or not, the Jersey selling idea is evidently "getting across" with the consumer, for it is beginning in extra returns to their producers.

The Canadian Jersey Cattle Club some years ago secured a patent for the exclusive use of their neat little six-sided sign with the Jersey head in the middle. "Slowly but surely they have been campaigning to get city distributors to pay extra for milk from farms producing milk from nothing but Jerseys, and to charge a suitable extra amount per quart to the consumer. The Toronto milk shed is the first big area which has been thus organized and other milk sheds will be organized as soon as possible. Whether other dairy breeds wish to or should follow the example of Jerseymen is a debatable point, but the new farm signs are giving to their owners a pride in their calling which is well worthwhile.

## A Chinese Delicacy

Birds' Nest Soup Believed To Contain Strengthening Properties

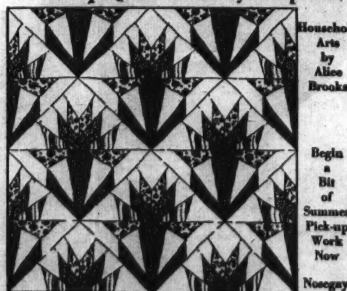
Wealthy Chinese relish a soup that is made from birds' nests. The birds are a species of swift, and they are provided by nature with special glands in the mouth which secrete a glutinous substance, and from this they make their nests. These nests resemble gelatin, and when stewed down make an excellent soup. The Chinese believe that birds' nest soup possesses wonderful strengthening properties, and persons are often ordered this soup by their doctors.

Scottish Barber (engaging assistant): "I may lower wages in the summer, because the work's easier."

Applicant: "But people get their hair cut just the same."

Scottish Barber: "Ay, but ye dinna have to help them on wi' their overcoats."

## A Scrap Quilt Is Always Popular



This "Nosegay" quilt provides fascinating pick-up work for evenings when friends drop in. The blocks are fun to piece because of the variety of materials you'll use—each block different—each block an adventure in patchwork. See what fetching it makes of otherwise useless scraps. A real nosegay you'll have, with its colorful pieces; a pastime well worth its while, and a quilt you'll always be proud to show!

In place with 64 1/2 you will find the Block Chart, an illustration for cutting, sewing and finishing, together with yardage chart, diagram of quilt to help arrange the blocks for single and double bed size, and a diagram of block which serves as a guide for placing the patches and suggests contrasting materials.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Houschaw, Inc., Dept., Whittapug Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. N., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

## Preparations Being Made In Britain To Establish Transatlantic Air Service

### Lower Marine Rates

Vessels Sailing Into Hudson Bay To Be Insured At Less Than Half Of Former Cost

This season, ships navigating through the Hudson strait to Manitoba's ocean port of Churchill, will be insured at rates considerably less than half those in force the first two years of the port's operation.

Minimum rates in effect for ships equipped with gyro compasses have reached a point where the premium for insurance covering all risks on a 5,000-ton ship worth \$250,000 is \$3,115, taking the pound sterling at 25. In 1932 and 1933 it would have cost \$7,500 to insure the same ship. In 1934 the rate on such a vessel was reduced to \$4,150 and last year it dropped to \$4,685. There has only been one marine casualty since Churchill was opened. The steamship Bright Pan, outbound, sank far off her course in the strait after striking an iceberg in 1932.

The Bright Pan struck Oct. 1, and sank 15 miles northeast of Wales Island. A 2,357-ton vessel, she was carrying 253,000 bushels of wheat. Her crew of 80 took to boats and was picked up by the ice-breaker N. B. McLean. No one was lost.

### Weather Changes

Canadian Scientists Say Dry Periods Always Followed By Wet Ones

J. Patterson, head of the meteorological service in Toronto, queried about the statement of Henry Wallace, United States secretary of agriculture, that possibility of a "weather change" might make the United States an arid land, said Canadian scientists could point to records dating back 100 years which indicated dry periods were always followed by moisture.

"We know there are general fluctuations in the climate going on all the time," said Mr. Patterson. "Some may be over long periods, others may be short. Since the normal rainfall in the west is not much more than sufficient for agriculture, it means that the variation from that does not have to be very great to produce drought in one case, growth in the other."

"All we can say is that the previous periods of drought passed away, and we have no reason to suppose the same conditions will not hold again."

Mr. Patterson agreed with the secretary that a thorough study should be made of the drought problem, using every means at the command of the weather service.

Sometimes a man is unable to make both ends meet because he keeps them headed in opposite directions.

A new British air centre is in the making while machines tussled up the first flying boat of a proposed trans-Atlantic fleet.

The giant four-motored plane, prototype of the airliner with which Britain hopes to establish a trans-Atlantic service, made its first appearance on the slipway at Rochester recently. Others are nearing completion.

The actual work of making Langsons harbor a combined land and marine base for empire and trans-Atlantic routes is expected to begin in another month.

Early next year, it is being predicted at Portsmouth, a service to North America will be under way, with two British and two United States flying boats arriving and departing weekly.

The Portsmouth town council has already approved the project of the airport, to be the largest of its kind in the world and to cost close to \$6,000,000.

Government financial assistance is practically assured, some of it at least from the proposed new air navigation bill with its provision for a 50 per cent. increase in air subsidies to \$7,500,000 yearly.

For Portsmouth the new airport would mean distinction as the air hub of the world. Langsons harbor, which has Portsmouth harbor to the west and Chichester harbor to the east, would become a large inland lake. Several hundred acres of ground would be prepared for the handling of land planes.

Britain's first efforts toward trans-Atlantic service are expected to be directed at Bermuda via the Canary Islands, with the North Atlantic crossing to be attempted later.

Expansion within the empire air service proper this year is to include substitution of Imperial Airways' flying boats for Australian planes from Singapore to Australia; use of flying boats on a service along the east coast of Africa instead of flying over Central Africa with land planes; more efficient service in general through increased subsidies, and carrying of all first class mail by air without surcharge.

### When Law Was Savage

England Thought Nothing Of Hanging People For Minor Offenses

In the Middle Ages William Shakespeare's England was a place where 150 were condemned to death. Of these 100 were duly hanged. The remainder escaped by pleading their clergy, proving, that is, that they could read and write. Now the population of London at that time was probably a quarter of a million. In the year 1929 the population of Great Britain was more than 150 times as large. Yet in 1929 there were thirteen people hanged for murder in the country. If the law today were as savage as under James I, they would be hanging 15,000 people in Great Britain every year.

But it was not murder in Shakespeare's England. As the detailed figures show, Englishmen then as now, were not particularly addicted to manslaughter. There were only four murderers among the 100 hanged. The others were convicted of burglary, sheep and horse stealing, highway robbery, and no less than twenty-three of ordinary larceny. Over this story the Manchester Guardian puts the sardonic head, "Merris England."—New York Times.

### According To Scientist

Retaining count beauty it seems is not such an easy task. A Smithsonian institute scientist has taken thousands of measurements and demonstrated that as a person grows older, his nose becomes longer and wider, his ears lengthen and his mouth widens.

The Smiths are on the balcony and can hear what a young couple are saying in the garden below. Mrs. Smith: I think he is going to propose to her. We ought not to listen. Whistle to him. Mr. Smith: Why should I? He-body whistled to warn us.

## THERE IS Smoking Satisfaction IN EVERY PACKAGE

**Buckingham**  
FINE CUT

### WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

More than 3,500 school children in the unorganized districts of Manitoba had their teeth fixed during 1935 by travelling dental clinics.

A super-silencer, which can be fitted to aeroplanes, motor cars, motorcycles and buses has been invented to eliminate street traffic noise.

Elsie Janis, actress and "Idol of the army" during the Great War, has announced her intention of giving up all her "worldly possessions" and devoting her life to charity.

Hope that in another five years Canada's annual gold production would reach \$200,000,000 was expressed at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., by Hon. T. A. Crerar, Dominion minister of mines.

The Soviet government has presented an official demand to Japan to call a halt to poaching by Japanese fishing vessels in Soviet waters off the Kamchatka peninsula in far eastern Siberia.

A portion of the remains of a giant mastodon which roamed this country about 1,000,000 years ago, has been unearthed on the estate of Conrad J. Osman, near Hillsboro, N.B.

Order-in-council published in the Alberta Gazette carries revisions to the Optometry Act, providing that optometrists cannot offer free examinations of eyes, engage in misleading or price-reference advertising, or offer premiums or refunds.

The government icebreaker N. P. McLean has left Quebec for her annual voyage into the north, where she will guide freighters in and out of Hudson's Straits. Before entering the straits, the vessel will be used for survey work around the Straits of Belle Isle.

One of the largest consignments of butter ever routed via Vancouver was recently shipped from Alberta and Saskatchewan. The shipment totalled 794,000 pounds, was packed in 14,000 boxes and to transport it 25 railway cars were required. It will be sent to Great Britain.

### Greetings From Namesake

Halifax, England, Sends Parchment Roll To Nova Scotia City

Greetings extended by the borough of Halifax, in the west riding of York, England, to Halifax, Nova Scotia, were delivered in the council chamber recently.

Artistically executed on parchment, the scroll was protected by a cylindrical leather case, and was presented to Mayor Cragg.

The address came to this country aboard the giant liner Queen Mary.

### Soviet Newspapers

More than 10,000 newspapers in 86 languages are published in the Soviet Union. This aggregate circulation reached 39,000,000 copies in 1935, whereas this year it increased to 59,000,000 copies. Books and magazines are now issued in more than a hundred languages.

Although the Empire State Building juts nearly a quarter of a mile into the air, it can be swayed only one-tenth of an inch in the strongest wind that will normally blow in New York, which is a gale of 110 miles an hour.

### Importance Of Gold Production

At Rate Of Increase, May Soon Surpass Agricultural Products In Value

Hope that in another five years Canada's annual gold production would reach \$200,000,000 was expressed by Hon. T. A. Crerar, Dominion minister of mines, who, with Hon. C. D. Howe, minister of railways and canals, addressed the Sault board of trade on the eve of a trip to the mining areas at Michipicoten and Goudreau.

Gold production in Canada last year amounted to \$116,000,000, said Mr. Crerar, while total value of the nation's mineral production, including both base and precious metals, was \$222,000,000.

Mining development in Ontario is helping to bridge the gap between eastern and western Canada, he said, after being introduced by T. E. Simpson, formerly chief whip of the Conservative party in the House of Commons. While he ranked agriculture first among Canadian industries, in another 10 or 15 years, or perhaps sooner, mineral production might surpass it, Mr. Crerar said.

Elephants cannot trot or gallop. A walk and a shuffle are their only gait.

### Cannot Identify Soldier

Efforts Of Doctors For Nineteen Years Are Unsuccessful

What may be the last attempt to establish the identity of the "Living unknown soldier," who has baffled scientists since he was taken to Paris just after the World War, is to be made by three eminent French psychologists. Nineteen years ago the man, whose name was believed to be Mangin, was found wandering in the streets of Lyons, France, dressed in soldier's uniform. He knew nothing about himself or his doings, and could not remember his name. Mangin was sent to an asylum, where he was questioned by famous doctors for year after year. Never once did they get a lucid statement from him. Meanwhile, men and women from all parts of France have claimed him as husband or father or brother. More than 200 letters have been received trying to identify him, but without success.

Absent-Minded Professor (to secretary): "I am going down to the town and if by any chance I happen to return during my absence, keep me here till I come back."

Church is the only place you have to be early to get a back seat.

### Crochet This Bag and Saucy Sailor



Household  
Art  
by  
Alice  
Brooks

Colored  
String  
Makes  
Top-notch  
Accessory  
Set

### PATTERN 5343

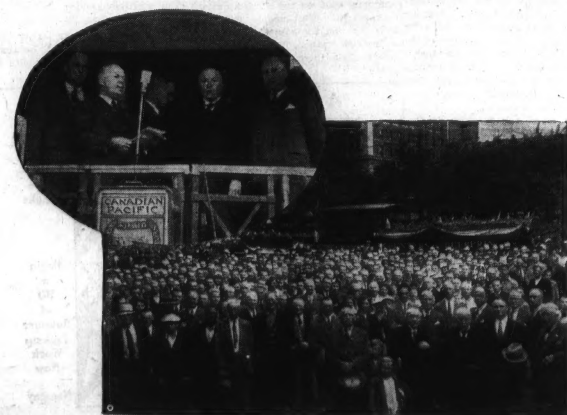
Your Summer suit needs them—your print cries for them—these crocheted accessories require no little time to make. If you're longing for a "sailor"—crochet one from this simple pattern. Its easy stitches are clearly explained, as is its blocking. Alternate stripes of plain and rib stitch are used for hat and bag alike, the latter boasting a novel "peep-hole" top. Make the set in cotton or linen thread.

In pattern 5343 you will find complete instructions for making the set, showing an illustration of it and of the stitches needed; material preferred.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

### FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY TRAIN



From the rear platform of the Canadian Pacific Railway's 50th anniversary train, The Dominion (upper oval) H. J. Main, general superintendent, Manitoba district, speaks into the microphones to the crowd assembled to cheer the jubilee event. With him are Mayor John Queen (left), Hon. John Bracken apostles' control. His Honor, W. J. Tupper, K.C., Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba, who spoke in reply, and W. M. Neal, vice-president of the company's western lines. In giving the welcoming address, Mr. Main followed the precedent set 50 years ago, when the general superintendents met the sturdy pioneer train on its trans-Canada journey.

Below are hundreds assembled in the Sir William Whyte park, opposite the station at Winnipeg, where Premier Bracken gave a brief congratulatory address where the Countess of Dufferin, C.P.R. engine No. 1, now stands wreathed in flowers instead of smoke. In the left foreground can be distinguished Mayor Queen, Mr. Bracken, Mr. Neal and the Lieutenant-Governor and three old-time railroaders: James Gooderham, who drove the first Canadian Pacific train from Calgary to Winnipeg in 1884; J. St. Lager Maginn and Andrew Murdoch, all of Winnipeg.

### SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 19

#### SOCIAL SERVICE IN THE EARLY CHURCH

Golden text: He himself said, It is more blessed to give than to receive. Acts 20:35.

Lesson: Acts 4:32-35; 6:1-7; 9:36-39; I Corinthians 8:1-9; I John 3:12-18.

Devotional reading: Psalm 112: 6-10.

#### Explanations And Comments

Sharing Possessions, Acts 4:32-35. Commenting upon verse 35, Dr. John Gardner bids us not miss its true significance. Other riches, more precious than gold had been committed to the care of the apostles. "It was the Gospel of the Resurrection, the Gospel of life, of pardon, peace and joy, the Gospel of power, and this they gave as well as other things."

Among the members of the early Christian Church there was the greatest unity of spirit and purpose, as the proverbial expression has it, they were of one heart and soul; not one of them said that aught of the things which he possessed was his own; but they had all things common. Not one of them considered anything his personal property, they shared all they had with one another, is Moffatt's translation. The giving up of possessions was voluntary (Acts 5:4)—each regarded his goods as held in trust for others.

It is interesting to recall here what Aristides wrote to the Emperor Hadrian about the Christians of those days: "They rescue the orphan from him who does him violence, and he who has given to him who has not, without grudging. And if there is a man among them who is poor or needy, and they have not abundance of necessities, they fast two or three days that they may supply the needy with their necessary food."

As need for help arose among them, those who had lands or houses sold them and brought the amount received to the apostles for them to distribute. "Laid them at the apostles' feet" is a figurative expression which doubtless arose from the oriental custom of laying gifts at the feet of kings; it meant that the money was left in the apostles' control. "There shall come a time from out this noise of strife and groaning A broader and a juster brotherhood. A deeper equality of aim, postponing of necessities, they fast two or three days that they may supply the needy with their necessary food."

There shall come a time when each shall to another Be as Christ would have him—brother unto brother. (Lewis Morris)

#### Potatoes From Prairies

Potatoes from the prairie provinces which are being marketed in Montreal, the shipments being induced by high prices prevailing. Ninety-pound bags of whites from Alberta realized \$1.65 or somewhat lower than the prices paid for Maritime stock.

A leader of men is one who sees which way the crowd is going and then steps in ahead.

### Construction Work

Over Nine Million Dollars Expended On New Dwellings In 1934

Although construction work in Canada, as in other countries, has been in the doldrums in recent years, a statement just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics shows that in 1934, at the very ebb of the depression, expenditures on new dwellings in Canada amounted to \$9,207,913. If most of this expenditure was on modest homes, with an average value of five thousand dollars, it would account for 1,840 homes, and if these homes were built on fifty-foot lots, on both sides of the street, they would form an avenue of new buildings nearly nine miles long. More than half of this avenue would be occupied by Ontario homes; Quebec would come next, and British Columbia, Alberta, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, and Saskatchewan would follow in the order stated.

Of the different classes of construction work in Canada in the year under review, that on streets and highways was the most important, amounting to over 39 million dollars. The excellent roads which beckon the tourist to Canada are among the results of annual expenditures of this nature. Other large construction classifications were factories and warehouses, government and municipal buildings, and churches, church halls, and schools. The total expenditure on new construction was almost 116 million dollars, and over 70 million dollars were spent on alterations and repairs.

### May Sell Buckingham Palace

Offices And Business Premises Now Encircle Royal Residence

Buckingham Palace, home of England's kings and queens for many years, may be sold as a building site for \$15,000,000.

Valuers have surveyed the palace and its 40 acres of grounds, and, if it is decided to sell, part of the latter will be preserved as a royal pleasure ground. It is understood a city of London syndicate is interested in the scheme.

Owing to the changing character of the neighborhood, the possibility of giving up the palace as a royal residence first was considered by the late King George. He announced that he was agreeable to the sale of the site for building purposes.

It is known that the King prefers his present bachelor home at York House, St. James.

If Buckingham Palace is sold, the "Court of St. James" would once more become an accomplished fact, and not, as now, merely a courtesy term.

A new business centre in late years has grown up around Buckingham Palace. Already offices and business premises virtually encircle it. Grosvenor Place, Grosvenor Gardens, Buckingham Palace Rd., and other adjoining thoroughfares that were given over to residential purposes until the end of the war, now have been converted into offices and business chambers.

### Italy's Policy In Ethiopia

Experts To Study The Resources Of The New Empire

Italy's policy in Ethiopia will be "no gold rush but slow, steady, well-planned concentration," said Count Giuseppe Volpi, charged by Premier Mussolini with organizing branches of industries in large groups, including technical, scientific and practical experts, to study the resources of the new empire.

Six principles will govern the development, Count Volpi said. They are:

"Adequate preparation in advance so effort and money will not be wasted. Private enterprise will be protected, but there will be no monopolies, and there will be no harum-scarum rush of amateur business men. No black army will be set up. The natives will be needed as workmen. The Italian race will be kept pure and every effort will be made to prevent co-mingling of the whites and blacks."

Count Volpi saw economic possibilities in coffee, cotton, wool and minerals.

If you think your arguments are so convincing try persuading the small boy that he ought not to have a pet dog.



## PRIVY COUNCIL TO TEST VALIDITY OF LEGISLATION

Ottawa.—The highest judicial tribunal in the British empire will be asked by Canada to determine validity of four legislative enactments all directly affecting labor, it was announced.

They are items in the "reform legislation" brought down by the Bennett administration. Hon. Ernest Lapointe, minister of justice, announced the judicial committee of the privy council would be asked to pass upon the constitutionality of the Employment and Social Insurance Act; and the acts which call for one day's rest in seven, 48-hour week, and payment of minimum wages.

Coupled with the announcement that Canada will appeal these four enactments was Mr. Lapointe's statement that provinces would submit references to the privy council concerning the validity of section 468A of the criminal code, and the Farmers' Creditors Arrangement Act.

Only two of the eight "new deal" enactments were directly mentioned in the minister's statement. They are the Natural Products Marketing Act and the Dominion Trade and Industries Commission Act. No official intimation was given regarding them.

The marketing act was regarded as one of the most important pieces of legislation among the eight bills recently passed upon by the supreme court of Canada. The act declared it ultra vires the Canadian parliament. It found partly valid the Dominion Trade and Industries Commission Act.

What the government will do in respect to the Marketing Act, remains therefore, a mystery. Since it was turned down definitely by the highest court in Canada, the supposition is that some effort will be made by amendment to render it workable. In its present form, the act is without Dominion jurisdiction, it may be the government preferred not to risk an additional judgment against it if modification might bring it within the federal ambit.

The Dominion Trade and Industries Commission Act was found partly valid by the supreme court and this may also be dealt with by amendment, although, again, no information of an official nature is available.

## Broadcasting Vimy Service

Commentator Will Describe Unveiling Of Canada's War Memorial

London.—The ceremony of the unveiling by His Majesty the King of the Canadian war memorial at Vimy Ridge in the presence of the president of the French republic will be broadcast by the BBC from the empire station at Daventry.

The actual ceremony by the king will take the form of unveiling a figure at the base of the memorial.

Both the English and French languages (the latter for the benefit of French-Canadians) will be used in the service, which, together with the incidental proceedings, will be described by a commentator. All those who are associated with the broadcast will be dressed in white, in order that they may be in harmony with the white stone of the memorial, and will be as inconspicuous as possible, so as not to detract from the spectators' interest in the ceremony. It is expected 100,000 will be present for the unveiling.

## Opposes Trade With Russia

Halifax.—The Halifax board of trade has joined with the Saskatchewan Retail Merchants' Association in requesting the Canadian government to refrain from entering into reciprocal trade agreements with Soviet Russia. Importation of Russian coal under any closer economic alliance with the Soviet would prove injurious to Nova Scotia industry, the trade board executive said.

## New Brunswick Crop Good

Salisbury, N.B.—While crops in many parts of Canada and the United States suffer from drought, those in New Brunswick are flourishing as a result of favorable weather. Hon. A. C. Taylor, provincial minister of agriculture, said.

## Reconstructing Trade System

Italy Is Planning A Complete New Structure

Rome.—A completely new international trade structure for Italy was envisioned by high Fascists. It was said authoritatively the government was sending out special missions to other nations to seek new commercial accords.

Officials said the reconstruction of the nation's foreign trade system would be accomplished "without haste or preferences." At the same time, they indicated the Italian government was in no hurry to accept an invitation to join other Locarno treaty signatories in a conference concerning Germany's remilitarization of the Rhineland and the possibilities for a new European peace structure.

As for the nation's new foreign peace structure, two basic points were suggested:

1. Nations which desire to sell to Italy must buy from Italy;  
2. Nations wishing to sell to Italy must not compete with products already provided by Italian agriculture and industry.

Italy's position on these two last points was described by Virginia Gayda, authoritative editorial writer, as more secure than before the Italo-Ethiopian war with its consequent imposition of sanctions.

## Ordered To Take Rest

British Foreign Secretary Gave Up Duties For Week

London.—Foreign Secretary Eden, who more than a year ago was forced to lay aside government duties for a month to recuperate from heart strain, was ordered by his physician to take a week's rest.

A foreign office announcement stated: "Mr. Eden, on the advice of his doctor, has decided to take a week's rest in the country. Viscount Halifax (Lord Privy Seal) will act for Mr. Eden in his absence."

It was not known whether the rest was made necessary by a recurrence of the heart ailment, but visitors at Whitehall and members of parliament recently have noted the foreign secretary's face appeared drawn and that he seemed overtired.

## Doukhobors Sentenced

Sent To Penitentiary For Parading In The Nude

Nelson, B.C.—Paul Metin and Bill Viosoff were sentenced to three years in the penitentiary after admitting to Magistrate John Starnes they had paraded in the nude near Brilliant, B.C., on July 1.

The two Doukhobors would not plead guilty but admitted they had paraded. They said they might be judged in man's eyes but not in God's sight. They denied the stripping was done deliberately and defiantly, stating they were obeying only the laws of nature.

Both men have served previous terms for nude parading.

## Coronation Plans

Committee Appointed To Make Arrangements For The Event

London.—The first meeting of the committee recently appointed to make arrangements for the King's coronation, next May, was held here with the Duke of York as chairman.

Among the 42 members present were the Archbishop of Canterbury, Sir John Simon, home secretary; Viscount Halifax, lord chancellor; Prime Minister Baldwin; Major Clement Attlee, Labor leader; and David Lloyd George, Liberal leader.

Five members were elected to form a special permanent committee.

## Makes Air History

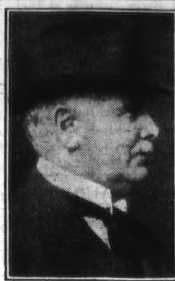
King Edward Flies Own Private Plane To Inspect R.A.F.

London.—The king made air history flying in his own private plane to make an inspection of several stations of the Royal Air Force.

He was accompanied in a flight from Windsor to Northolt and later to Witterby by the Duke of York, heir-presumptive to the throne.

One of the royal air force officers who performed stunts in the air before the king was Flying Officer MacLachlan, a 24-year-old Canadian. 2108

## RETIRE FROM SENATE



Senator Patrick Burns has forfeited his seat in the Upper Chamber because of illness. Senator Burns has been too ill to attend the last two sessions of the Senate.

## Appointments Held Over

Government Has Long List To Be Dealt With

Ottawa.—The long list of appointments which the government must make will not be dealt with for several weeks, probably not until September, Prime Minister Mackenzie King said at the close of a cabinet meeting. The prime minister said a few appointments have been made, but he was unprepared to announce them until the orders had been signed by the Governor-General. He referred to the veterans' assistance commission approved at the last session of parliament.

The name of Col. J. G. Ratray, D.S.O., of Ottawa, former chairman of the Canadian farm loan board, has been mentioned in connection with the chairmanship of this body. The purpose of the commission will be to assist needy unemployed veterans to obtain employment.

## Trans-Atlantic Air Mail Soon

Toronto.—Trans-Atlantic air-mail by 1938, was predicted by Hon. J. C. Elliott, postmaster-general of Canada. In an interview he said the Canadian government was studying possibilities of air-mail over the Atlantic and also with Pacific countries. Canada was on the shortest route between Europe, Asia and Australia and the government hoped to get this business, he said.

## May Visit West

Ottawa.—Prime Minister Mackenzie King said he "hopes" to make a trip west as far as Vancouver during August before he leaves in September to head Canada's delegation to the League of Nations' meeting at Geneva.

## "DON'T PLAY TOO HARD, KELVIN"



Three-year-old Kelvin Rogers is shown above as he played with his dog near the home of friends at Germantown, Pa., apparently recovered from the delicate operation in which a nail was removed from the lung. Mrs. Rogers brought her son from Australia to Philadelphia where surgeons used the only available bronchoscope to perform the operation.

## Famous Yacht

King George's Historic "Britannia" Ends Career In Dramatic Finish  
Cowes, Eng.—Wreathed in white daisies and red roses, King George's historic "Britannia," once queen of the world's racing yachts, pulled out of her slip, bound for a peaceful burial at sea.

She plunged to the bottom of the channel at midnight in a dramatic finale to her 43-year racing career. Many members of her old racing crew visited the "Britannia" during the day, to take a last look at her trim lines and riggings.

In accordance with the terms of King George's will, which specified she was to be destroyed if neither the new King Edward nor his three brothers desired to use her, the famous yacht was scuttled not far from the scene of her many triumphs.

Attempts to preserve the aged champion proved in vain.

When King Edward, never much of an enthusiast for yachting, and his brothers all signified they did not wish to take over the yacht, England's foremost yachting clubs sought permission to buy parts of her and enshrine them on their club grounds.

The terms of the late monarch's will, however, precluded this.

King George recently sailed her with his own hand, at times taking his place with the crew in hauling on the mainmast or testing the fine-spun webbing of steel wire—shrouds, stays, back stays and runners—which held aloft the great 102-foot mast and which transformed the lightest breeze into the music of a giant harp.

## To Stabilize Prices

Set Price Beyond Which U.S. Wheat Cannot Rise

Chicago.—A "price ceiling" beyond which United States grain prices even in a drought year cannot rise has been established by importation or threat of importation of foreign commodities into the United States over the tariff wall, market specialists asserted.

Reports current in the trade were that domestic wheat prices were rapidly approaching a basis at which increased volume of Canadian wheat could come in over the 42 cents a bushel tariff barrier.

Last year approximately 35,000,000 bushels of the Dominion's grain was imported after rust cut the United States spring wheat yield. Whenever the United States price advances to levels at which it is profitable to import wheat, more of the Canadian grain finds its way across the border for milling purposes. This circumstance acts as a "price ceiling" and was to some extent responsible for the recent setback in wheat, traders said.

## PLANE FLIGHTS TO ASSIST WORK OF WEATHER BUREAU

Washington.—Weathermen soon will begin making daily plane flights at five important "blot spots" on present North America weather maps to enable the weather bureau to make more accurate forecasts based on upper air conditions.

Weather bureau officials said that—in addition to the 23 stations at which high altitude recordings are now made—daily flights will be started at Miami, Fla.; Salt Lake City, Utah; on August 1, and at Oakland, Cal., on Sept. 1.

An aeroplane weather observer also will begin daily flights at Fairbanks, Alaska, on Sept. 15 and continue until March 15.

The Fairbanks flights, officials said, will be made to study the cold waves that sweep out of Alaska every winter and chill extensive areas in the United States.

The Canadian government is co-operating in the studies and is considering establishing a similar station at St. Smith, Northwest Territory, officials said.

The weathermen make the daily flights at an altitude of 17,000 feet to gather information on temperature, pressure, humidity and other conditions on which to base analyses of air structure.

Weather officials explained that plane observations were necessary to study the polar and tropical air masses high above the earth's surface. By means of the observations, the top of cloud layers, the extent of icing, and other important air conditions are also determined for the safe operation of aircraft through and over cloud masses.

## How To Keep Cool

Medical Officer Issues Advice For Coping With The Heat

Toronto.—As thermometers soared to new record highs, Dr. Gordon P. Jackson, medical officer of health, issued advice here for coping with the heat.

"Take plenty of time and keep in the shade," he said. "Above all, forget the heat. Don't worry about it, because those who worry get all heated up. Have your clothing of a light color, coarse texture, and don't have too much of it."

"Drink sufficient quantities of water or fluids. It is, however, a good practice not to make meals entirely of food or abnormally cold articles, as this would do little or at least some warm nourishment daily."

"Epidemics always reduce over-heating of the body. Keep your windows open but have them screened."

## Studying Fishing Industry

Minister Of Fisheries Spending Some Time On Pacific Coast

Ottawa.—Hon. J. E. Michaud, minister of fisheries, has gone to Vancouver to make a complete study of the Pacific coast fishing industry. Accompanied by W. A. Foulds, deputy minister, he will spend about six weeks along the west coast as he is anxious to familiarize himself with fishing conditions from the United States border to the most northerly areas.

During his western trip the minister will likely settle Canada's attitude towards the sockeye salmon treaty and the conditions attached to it by the United States senate.

## British People Optimistic

High Commissioner To Canada Sees End To Depression

Ottawa.—Sir Francis Floud, British high commissioner to Canada, just returned from a two-month visit in the United Kingdom, said the people there were optimistic and that there was every indication the depression was at an end. Sir Francis said in some sections there was an actual shortage of labor.

Only in south Wales a more or less discouraging situation existed because the whole population depended on the single industry of anthracite coal mining, the export for which was diminishing.

## What the Farmer Buys and Sells.

Continued from Page One.

the things that farmers' buy, averaged together, stand at approximately 20 p. c. higher today than they were in 1913-14. Or, in other words, it means that today farmers of Western Canada have to give 20 p. c. more bushels of wheat in exchange for the same items and quantities of goods, on the average, than they did either in 1921 or in 1913-14.

What exactly does this decline in the purchasing power or exchange value of wheat mean to farmers and others in Western Canada? It can be put in this way: Last year the worst scourge of rust that has ever occurred swept over the West. It is calculated that this meant a loss of some 60 million dollars to the farmers alone.

I have calculated that the increase of 26 p. c. in the prices of the things which farmers have to buy takes a toll each and every year of about the same amount.

The losses suffered do not, however, end with farmers; for it is obvious that the reduced farmers' purchasing power demands a much smaller quantity of manufactured goods than would be the case if the prices of things that farmers buy were back to pre-War levels.

This, in turn, means that numbers of men are unemployed in industry. Men are out of employment on the railways; and unemployment consequently exists in wholesale, retail and other distributive agencies.

The increases in prices which have taken place vary greatly with individual items, as revealed by the Searle Index. Comprising 147 items, the Index is divided into sub-groups. Groceries, for instance, comprising 16 items, show an increase of 11 p. c. today as compared with pre-War prices. Clothing, 36 items, shows an increase of 15 p. c. Household equipment, 28 items, shows an increase of 45 p. c. Farm equipment, 53 items, an increase of 23 p. c. Heavy farm machinery, 12 items, an increase of 55 p. c. School and municipal taxes, an increase, also, of 55 p. c., giving a weighted total of 26 p. c.

Farmers form about 40 p. c. of the population of Canada. Hence such a serious decline in the purchasing power of such a large percentage of the population must have very serious results on the rest of the people.

Perhaps it is not too much to say, that if the prices of the products farmers sell, and the prices of things they have to buy were back to the relationship of 1913-14, the greater part of the present depression in Canada would be ended.

It would seem that substantial benefits would accrue to all if the prices of the things of the things which farmers buy could be brought back to the 1913-14 level. In addition, it would also seem it would be a very fair, just and proper thing for farmers if it can be done. But can it be brought about?

Some have claimed that it would mean serious suffering to industries manufacturing the goods in question. This might be so, but at the same time it has to be remembered that as long as the present situation exists, it is the farmers who are unfairly enduring the suffering. The amount of hardship that industry might have to bear might prove to be not as bad as anticipated, as almost immediately there would be a demand by farmers for some 20 p. c. greater volume of the goods and commodities farmers purchase.

## STONY PLAIN SUN.

Published Every Thursday at The Sun Office, Stony Plain, Alberta.

Thursday, July 16, 1936.

### Advertising Rates.

Display, Contract \$50.  
Readers in Locals 12c a line.  
Legal and Municipal Notices—  
12c a line first insertion; 10c a line for subsequent insertions.

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Office and Residence, 1st St. W.  
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,  
NOTARY PUBLIC.  
Successor to the late F. W. Landy.  
STONY PLAIN.

DR. G. H. BROWN,  
DENTAL SURGEON,  
Cor. 96 St. & 118 Ave., Edmonton.  
PHONE 73174.  
At Stony Plain on Fridays.

FOR SALE—Fresh Cow; also  
load of timothy and clover hay.  
S. Witmer, Stony Plain. TS

For Sale—House on Third ave.,  
Stony Pls.; 5 rooms, barn, well;  
sell reasonable. Phone 16. h.h

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh  
Route of 800 families. Write  
today. Rawleigh, Dept. WGR-96-  
SA, Winnipeg, Man., Canada.

LOST—Two dark bay Geldings,  
7 years old, and 1 grey Gelding,  
3 years old; reward offered. Karl  
Schlecker, Phone 314R. TS

**Wanted**—Milk Cows for  
cash or trade for  
1926 Chevrolet  
Sedan. Apply A. Koning, Edmonton.  
In

Notice to Creditors and  
Claimants.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE  
OF W. J. DAVIDSON, LATE OF  
THE DISTRICT OF HOLBORN,  
IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that  
all persons having claims upon the  
estate of the above named W. J.  
Davidson, who died on the 11th day  
of May, 1936, are required to file with  
the Solicitor for the Executors by  
the 10th day of August, 1936, a full  
statement, duly verified, of their  
claims and of any securities held by  
them, and that after that date the  
Executors will distribute the assets  
of the deceased among the parties  
entitled thereto, having regard only  
to the claims of which notice has  
been so filed or which have been  
brought to their knowledge.

DATED this 19th day of June,  
1936.  
GEORGE J. BRYAN,  
Solicitor for the Executors.

Notice to Creditors and  
Claimants.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE  
OF J. E. MELNER, LATE OF  
THE DISTRICT OF HOLBORN,  
IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that  
all persons having claims upon the  
estate of the above named J. E.  
Melner, who died on the 23rd day  
of March 1936, are required to file  
with the Solicitor of the Administrator,  
by the 10th day of August, 1936,  
a full statement, duly verified,  
of their claims and of any securities  
held by them; and that after that  
date the Administrator will distribute  
the assets of the deceased among  
the parties entitled thereto,  
having regard only to the claims  
of which notice has been so filed  
or which has been brought to his knowledge.

DATED this 19th day of June,  
1936.  
GEORGE J. BRYAN,  
Solicitor for the Administrator.

## Hiway League Baseball.

Stony's Games at Home.

July 23—N. Edmonton  
30—Fort Saskatchewan  
August 2—Gibbons.

## Stony's Games Away.

At Fort Sask'n July 12  
At Gibbons, July 19  
At N. Edmonton July 28

## Open Seasons for Game.

Deer, moose, Nov. 1 to Dec. 14  
Ducks, geese, Sept. 16 to Nov. 14  
Elk, Oct. 1—Dec. 14  
Grouse, Oct. 1—10  
Hungarian Partridge, Oct. 1—  
Nov. 30  
Fox, Nov. 1—Jan. 31  
Mink, martin, otter, Nov. 1—  
March 31  
Muskrat, Mar. 1—April 30 South  
of N. Saskatchewan river, no open  
season,  
Sunday Shooting is prohibited.

## Notice to Creditors and Claimants.


IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE  
OF JAMES C. WERNER, LATE  
OF THE TOWN OF STONY  
PLAIN, IN THE PROVINCE OF  
ALBERTA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that  
all persons having claims upon the  
estate of the above named James C.  
Werner, who died on the 25th day of  
May, 1936, are required to file with  
the Solicitor for the Executor by the  
10th day of August, 1936, a full  
statement duly verified of their claims  
and of any securities held by them,  
and that after that date the Executor  
will distribute the assets of the deceased  
among the parties entitled  
thereto, having regard only to the  
claims of which notice has been so  
filed or which have been brought to  
his knowledge.

GEORGE J. BRYAN,  
Solicitor for the Executor.

## A GOOD ROAD AND A NEW CHEVROLET SIX FOR REAL PLEASURE.

Wherever You Find Autos, there You Find  
a New Chevrolet Six.



**"NORTHERN"  
Rubber Footwear**

The "Northern" range of Overboots for Men, Women and Children offers a wider selection than ever. Jersey or Cashmere in various heights with buckle, strap or Whizzer fasteners.

Match your Winter Costume with a "Northern" tailored to fit Styl-Shu

Women's "Whizzer"

Men's "Albino"

LOOK FOR THE TRADE MARK

THE NORTHERN RUBBER CO. LIMITED

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Sold by T. J. Hardwick, Stony Plain

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Thousands of Churches are without ministers now  
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The people need the truth at every hour. Will you do your part? The International Bible Students Association will supply Ministers of the Gospel free of charge on application. Conditions: Open the church building; admit all free; take no collections.

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Hangers, Statements, Shipping Tags,  
Tickets, Bill Heads, Business Cards,  
Badges, Prize Lists, Try Us.





## Stony Plain and District.

Miss Mary Nordal has gone on a visit with friends at Kelowna, B.C.

Mr Geo. Michael is leaving this week for a visit with his grandparents at Halkirk.

Mr L M Larson took a motor party of young people to the Edmonton Ex. on Monday.

Miss Christine Pailer, Vegreville, is paying a visit at her home in Stony.

Mrs Murd McKinlay is on the reception committee to ladies this week at Oldtimers' Log Cabin at the Edmonton Ex.

To fill the vacancy at the Town Council Board due to the resignation of Mr L Kowensky, nominations for the office will be received on Monday next July 20, from 11 a.m. to 12 noon; with an election the following Monday July 27.

The postal service on the Jasper-Edmonton sectors have been changed back to the former service; mail cars have been provided on mail days, eliminating the baggage mail car service which had been in use for a short time.

**BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED** at The Royal Cafe.

## Higgins's Auction Sale.

The bills are out, for the sale of stock and effects on the farm of Mrs L H Higgins, Beechwood Farm, on Jasper Highway. The widow and family intend moving back to their old home at Benjiki, Minn., when the estate is settled.

## Photoing the Farms.

Adolf Wheatel, a traveling photographer, has been working thru this district, making "movie" pictures of the prosperous farmsteads. When interviewed, he stated that, later on, the pictures were to be shown in the Old Country, in connection with lectures to be given on Western Canada. He uses an electric machine at times when he can connect with the local power line. When this is not available, he uses his battery machine. None of his "takes" were ready for inspection, as none of these have been developed.

If you see a gent with a couple of connecting wires hanging from his pockets, that's Adolf.

## On His Loney.

Two boys who had graduated from High School the same year met two years later.

"Are you married?" asked John.

"No," replied Ted. "I got a job."

## The Market Report

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern .....	0.71
No. 2 Northern .....	0.70
No. 3 Northern .....	0.67
No. 4 Northern .....	0.62
RATS.	
2 C. W. ....	28
3 C. W. ....	24
Extra 1 Feed .....	24
No. 1 Feed .....	22
No. 2 Feed .....	19
BARLEY	
No. 3 .....	37
No. 4 .....	34

## To Rent or For Sale.

The Christie 4 room house, on lots 1 & 2, block 3, Main St., opp. the Royal Hotel, Stony Plain. For further information Apply at The Sun Office.

## Sporting Notes.

Coach Henry Trapp took his basketball team in to the Edmonton Ex. this week. The members of the team were—L Van der Schaaf, A Foerster, Edna Zucht, E Fischer, Tillie & Martha Goertz, Mary Campbell, Ray Willie, M Ganon, Edna Miller.

Stony Plain lacballers and basketballers have received an invitation to the Onoway picnic on July 17.

Stony Senior ball team's game on Sunday at Fort Saskatchewan—results: Stony 4, Fort 5.

## Bristow—Mullback.

Mrs Peter Mullback announces the marriage of her daughter, Fern Johanna, to Mr Jack Douglas Bristow, son of Mr and Mrs William E Bristow, of Spruce Grove, which took place on Saturday, July the 11th, at her home. Rev H S Mekeel officiated.

## Spruce Grove News.

Coach Stitt took his champion basketball team to the City on Tuesday. The players: The 4 Groat Sisters, Katherine and Doris Schack, Frieda Gabel, Ida Fuhr.

The Herman Ducholki motor party arrived back from Banff on Sunday afternoon.

The McLeod family have moved up to their new cottage at Seba Beach.

Mr and Mrs Wm Warnock, who have been spending a short holiday with friends at Fusilier, Sask., are expected back some time this week.

Mr and Mrs Connolly are expected back in town the latter part of the week.

Mr Loeblich Sr. returned home on Friday from the Royal Alex. hospital, where he had been receiving treatment.

Mrs Dan Brox will be the hostess at the Oldtimers' Log Cabin reception to ladies, at the Edmonton Ex., on Friday, July 17th.

Mr Edmond Pinchbeck, secretary of the Alberta Municipal Districts Association, who is in the City this week, when the Executive of the association was in conference, with the School Trustees' Association.

July 12th was quite a big sports day at Spruce Grove. The first event was a softball game, Irvington vs. Spruce Grove, won by the Grove 16 to 2. Second event, softball game St Michael v The Grove, won by the latter 24—11. Third event, baseball game, Enox v The Grove, won by the latter, 24—8. A softball game, Riviere Qui Barre v. St Michel, won by the latter 16—2. The football game, Grove v Wintburn, was next on, and the Grove players whitewashed the visitors by 2 to 0. An advertised contest closed the day's proceedings. This was the fastidious under London prize ring rules between Big Little Wolf and Chief Galloping Anelope, from a nearby Reserve. There still being lots of daylight left, the spectators made no effort to stop the referee going home for

lunch and coming back to catch 'em in the 39th round. As the mail train pulled in, someone yelled "Police!" and the day's proceedings came to a close rather sudden.

Plans are being laid for a celebration at the Grove on Friday, July 24, this date being the 60th anniversary of the birthday of that worthy citizen Mr Jacob Brox.

Spruce Grove's ball team attended Onoway's sports day on the 8th, and played and beat the Onoway team 2—1. By a decision of the sports committee, Herman Loeblich was limited to pitching for one game. Sangudo ball team then played and beat Grovers 2—1. Enders and Ducholke played for one game with the Sangudo team, the balance of the Stony team having failed to show up.

A wedding of interest to a wide circle of friends in the district was solemnised in St Matthew's Church (Missouri Synod) on Wed., July 8th, when Velma Margaret, daughter of Mr and Mrs Emery Callihan, Spruce Grove, was married to George H E Eberhart, son of Rev E Eberhart. Miss Jean Callihan, was the bridesmaid, and Mr John Biederweiden was groomsman. Rev H J Boettcher, pastor of Grace Lutheran church, Edmonton, performed the ceremony. The happy couple will make their home in Edmonton.

For a big meal or a good lunch, try Jack Nichols, at the Hotel Restaurant.

## Celebrate 50th Anniversary



Featured by a congratulatory telegram from His Majesty King Edward VIII, and in the presence of dignitaries of the state, outstanding members of the business and social world, railway officials and several thousand citizens, the Canadian Pacific Railway on Sunday, June 24, celebrated the 50th anniversary of the departure of the first transcontinental passenger train, from Montreal to the Pacific Coast. The first passenger train so across the continent, entirely in Canada, left Montreal on June 28, 1886, amid the acclamations of the entire nation.

The royal message, which was the highlight of the enthusiastic anniversary celebration on June 24, was as follows: "I sincerely thank all those associated with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for their loyal assurances on the occasion of the Fifty-fifth Anniversary of this great Railway which ever since its inception has played so notable a part in the development of the

Dominion of Canada." Transmitted to the company in the name of Sir Edward Beatty, G.B.E., K.C., L.L.D., chairman and president, by His Excellency Lord Tweedsmuir, the Governor-General of Canada, it served as the spark to fire the enthusiasm of the notable assembly of several thousand at Windsor Station. The programme, colorful and impressive, was broadcast on a coast-to-coast network of the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission, and was completely recorded in still and moving pictures. In addition to the message from His Majesty and the military ceremonies, it included a message from Sir Edward Beatty, G.B.E., K.C., L.L.D., chairman and president; addresses by D. C. Coleman, vice-president of the company, His Worship Mayor Camillien Houde of Montreal, Hon. Marguerite Shaughnessy, who is daughter of the third president Lord Shaughnessy, F. M. B. Roberts of the Edinburgh Scotsman, D. D. Braham of the London

Times and others. Mrs. Camillien Houde, Mayress of Montreal, cut a birthday cake six feet in diameter and nine feet tall. The Victoria Rifles of Canada, which supplied the Guard of Honor when the first train for the Pacific left 50 years ago, again supplied the Guard of Honor under Colonel I. W. Eakin. The band of the regiment, in addition to its concert music, played God Save the King as the Guard presented arms when the anniversary train pulled out. The long association of the Company and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police was recognized by Canada's great forces. A detachment of the Mounties took part in the ceremonies, and added a touch reminiscent of prairie and mountain construction days.

The celebration was continued at Ottawa and all main-line points west to Vancouver and thousands came down to the suburban stations to catch a fleeting glimpse of the decorated anniversary train.

## FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.

DRESSED POULTRY.

CATTLE AND HOGS BOUGHT EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.—HIGHEST PRICES PAID.

PHONE SEVEN, STONY PLAIN.

## THE SUN BOOK SHOP.

School Supplies Our Specialty.

We have on hand Used Text Books for High School and Public School grades, to be disposed of on reasonable terms.

WE TAKE ORDERS FOR TEXT BOOKS ISSUED BY THE DEPT. OF EDUCATION; AND ALSO FOR ALL BOOKS ISSUED BY THE INSTITUTE OF APPLIED ART, EDMONTON.

## Regulation' Note Book.

with Rings. Refills for same; and also Gummed Reinforcements.

## Chalk.

boxes of 1 gross. Sanigene, Xceloia, etc., low prices.

## Reeves's Paints

50c a box. Refills for same. every color. Reeves's Tempera Poster, Show card Colors.

## Exercise Books (Ink)

Prices range from 16c for the best, to 3c.

## Scribblers (Pencil)

Prices from 2c up.

## Waterman's Ink,

2-oz., pints & quart. Also Peerless Ink, 2-oz. & pints.

## India Ink

Reeves's 1-oz. 19c.

## Pencils,

a large variety on hand.

## Crayons

From 5c up.

## Drawing Pads

No. 1 and No. 2.

## Waterman's Ink

In Quarts, Pints, 2 oz. boxes now 12c.